

MULTIMEDIA



UNIVERSITY

STUDENT ID NO

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Seat No.:

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Venue: _____

MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY

FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 2, 2016/2017

TGD2151 – COMPUTER GRAPHICS FUNDAMENTALS TCS2111 - COMPUTER GRAPHICS

(All sections / Groups)

28 FEBRUARY 2017
2.30 p.m. – 4.30 p.m.
(2 Hours)

Question No.	Marks
1	
2	
3	
4	
Total	

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

1. This Question Paper consists of 7 pages with 4 Questions only.
2. Answer **ALL FOUR** questions. All questions carry equal marks and the distribution of the marks for each question is given.
3. Please write all your answers **CLEARLY** in this Question Paper.

QUESTION 1

- a) Given a flat surface with normal vector $(2, 5, 1)$, determine whether the surface is visible to:

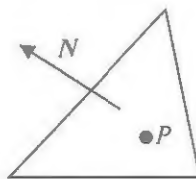
i) Viewer A looking at direction $(4, 0, 1)$.

[1.5 marks]

ii) Viewer B looking at direction $(4, -2, 1)$.

[1.5 marks]

- b) Find the plane equation for a triangle with normal vector $N = (2, 5, 1)$ and a point $P(1, 0, 7)$ falls on the triangle as illustrated below. [2 marks]



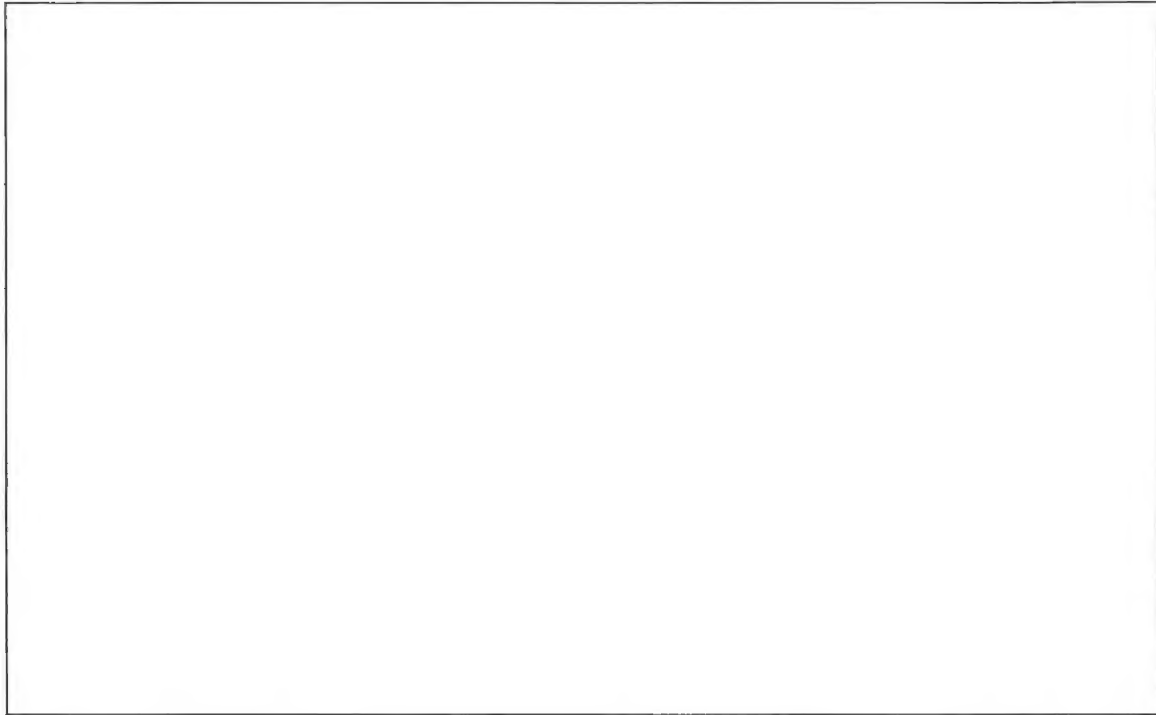
- c) Given the pixel display region, using Z-buffer algorithm, determine the rendering of a red quad that covers the region in dotted line below and with the equation $2x + 3y - z = 2$. Assume that the background of the display is in black color. [Instruction: Let **R** to be red color and **B** to be black color] [5 marks]

-1	-1	-1	-1
-1	-1	-1	-1
-1	-1	-1	-1
-1	-1	-1	-1

Z- buffer

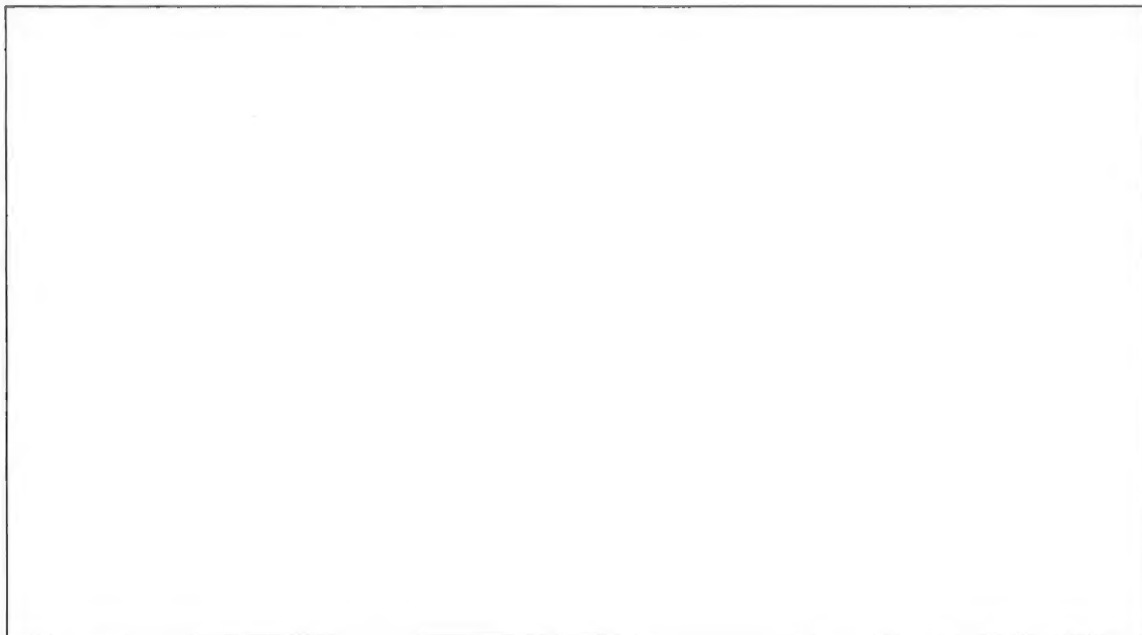
B	B	B	B
B	B	B	B
B	B	B	B
B	B	B	B

Frame buffer

**QUESTION 2**

- a) Define the following:
- i) Global Illumination
 - ii) Diffuse reflection
 - iii) Specular reflection

[3 marks]



- b) Compute the intensity of the ambient light and diffuse reflection at a cube if the unit light vector L is $(-0.707, 0, 0.707)$, normal vector N is $(0, 0, 1)$, intensity of the ambient and diffuse light are $I_a = 0.8$ and $I_d = 0.9$ respectively, and the coefficient of the ambient and diffuse light are $K_a = 0.5$ and $K_d = 0.5$.

[3 marks]

- c) Draw and label the **Parallel** projection and **Perspective** projection based on the following details:

Parallel projection: `glOrtho(-2, 2, -3, 3, 0, 10);`

[2 marks]

Perspective projection: `gluPerspective(30, 2, 0, 10);`

[2 marks]

Parallel projection	Perspective projection

Continued...

QUESTION 3

- a) Given two pixel coordinates (1, 3) and (5, 4), complete the following table for the pixel coordinates in between the two pixels using Bresenham's algorithm below:

$$F_k < 0: y_{k+1} = y_k \quad \text{Hence, } F_{k+1} = F_k + 2h$$

$$F_k \geq 0: y_{k+1} = y_k + 1 \quad \text{Hence, } F_{k+1} = F_k + 2(h - w)$$

$$F_0 = 2h - w$$

[3 marks]

K	F_k	X_k	Y_k
0		1	3

- b) Compare the line drawing algorithm between Analytical method and Bresenham's algorithm. Give two comparisons. [2 marks]

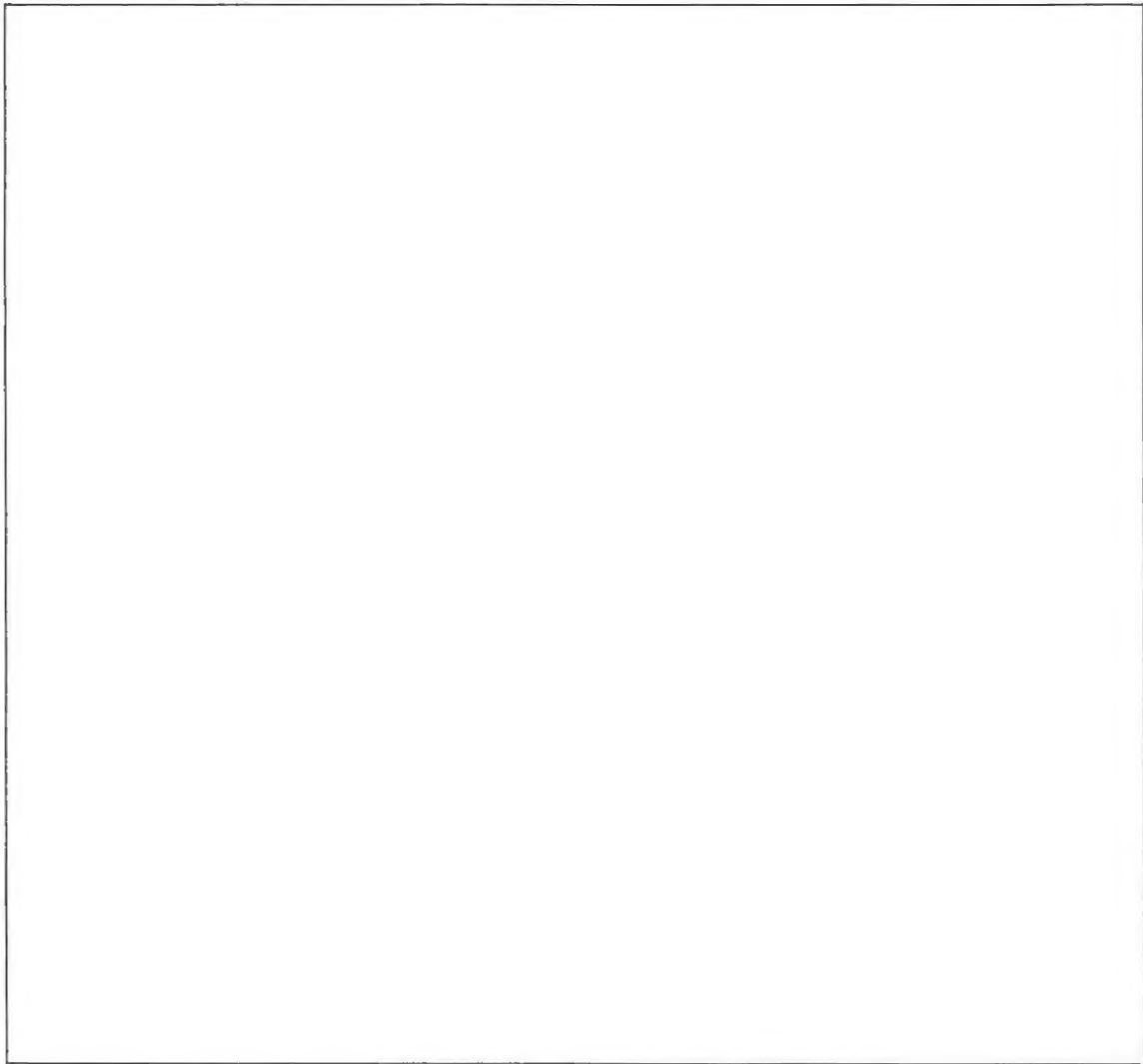
Analytical method	Bresenham's algorithm

- c) Cohen Sutherland's clipping algorithm is commonly used to solve the line clipping problems.

i) Sketch a diagram and specifies the clipping window and the corresponding region codes. [2 marks]

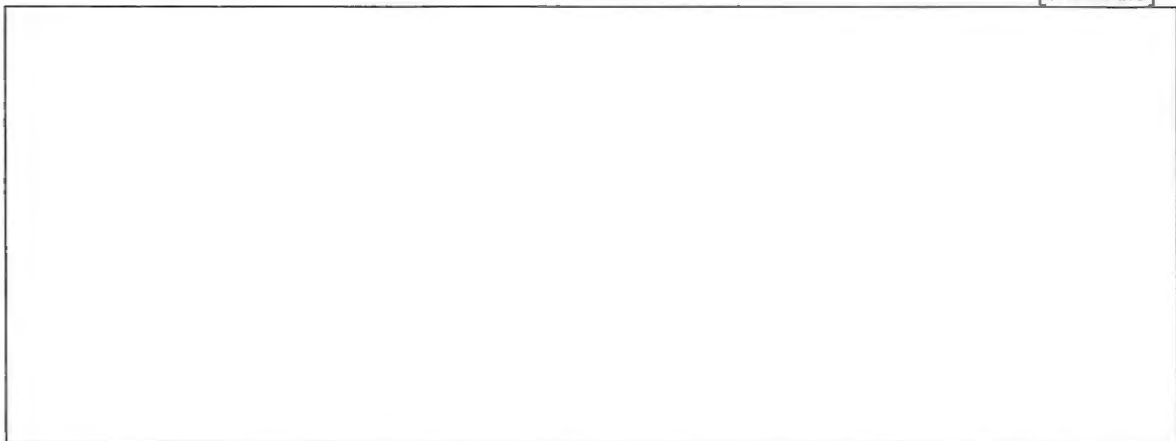
ii) Explain by examples that a line is in condition of "Trivial accept", "Trivial reject" and "Others". [3 marks]

Continued...

**QUESTION 4**

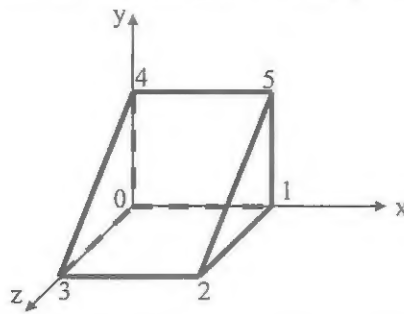
- a) Find a 2D composite matrix in homogeneous form if we rotate an object 90 degree anti-clock wise order about z-axis and translate the object by (4, 5).

[3 marks]



Continued...

- b) i) Complete the Face List and Normal List for the object below. [4 marks]



Face List			
P_w	P_x	P_y	P_z
	2		4
	0		5
	3		1
	2		-1
4	0	3	-1

Normal List		
N_x	N_y	N_z
0	0.577	0.577

- ii) Proof that the object is a polyhedron.

[1 mark]

- c) What is the frame buffer size in KB for the resolution 1280 by 640 that stores 8 bits per pixel? [2 marks]

End of Page!